



P. Praveen

A candidate is considered qualified if the marks secured are greater than or equal to the qualifying marks mentioned for the category, for which a valid category certificate, if applicable, must be produced along with this scorecard.

Name of the Candidate: **PRAVEEN PRABHAKAR PODISHETTI**

Name of the Parent/Guardian: **PRABHAKAR PODISHETTI**

Registration Number: **CS26S32065101**

Date of Birth: **July 26, 1998**

Test Paper: **Computer Science and Information Technology (CS)**

Date of Examination: **February 8, 2026**

GATE Score: **240**

Marks out of 100: **20.58**

All India Rank (AIR) in the test paper: **76999**

Qualifying Marks

General: **30.0**

Number of candidates appeared for the test paper : **211020**

EWS/OBC-NCL: **27.0**

SC/ST/PwD: **20.0**



Manabendra Sarma

Prof. Manabendra Sarma

Organizing Chairperson, GATE 2026

On behalf of NCB-GATE, Ministry of Education

This Score Card is valid up to 31st March 2029

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GATE SCORE COMPUTATION

The GATE 2026 score is calculated using the formula:

$$\text{GATE Score} = S_q + (S_t - S_q) \frac{M - M_q}{\bar{M}_t - M_q}$$

where,

M is the marks obtained by the candidate in the test paper mentioned on the GATE 2026 Score Card

M_q is the qualifying marks for general category candidates in the test paper

$\bar{M}_t$ is the mean of marks of top 0.1% or top 10 (whichever is larger) of all the candidates who appeared in the test paper (Including all sessions in case of multisession papers)

$S_q = 350$, is the score assigned to M_q , and

$S_t = 900$, is the score assigned to $\bar{M}_t$

In the GATE 2026 score formula, the qualifying marks for the general category candidate in each subject will be:

$$\text{Qualifying marks for GENERAL category, } M_q = \max(25, \min(40, \mu + \sigma))$$

where μ is the mean and σ is the standard deviation of marks of all the candidates who appeared for the test paper.

COMPUTATION OF NORMALIZED MARKS

Computer Science and Information Technology (CS) and Civil Engineering (CE) were conducted in two sessions in GATE 2026. For such multi-session papers, a suitable normalization is applied to take into account any variation in the difficulty levels of the question papers across sessions. The normalization is done based on the assumption that in multi-session GATE papers, the distribution of abilities of candidates is nearly the same across the sessions. This assumption is reasonable since the number of candidates appearing in multi-session papers is large, the number of candidates allotted in each session is comparable and the procedure for allocation of candidates to sessions is random.

The normalized marks of the j^{th} candidate in the i^{th} session, denoted by $\hat{M}_{ij}$, are computed as

$$\hat{M}_{ij} = \frac{\bar{M}_t^g - M_q^g}{\bar{M}_{ti} - M_{iq}} (M_{ij} - M_{iq}) + M_q^g$$

where,

M_{ij} is the actual marks obtained by the j^{th} candidate in the i^{th} session

$\bar{M}_t^g$ is the average marks of the top 0.1% of the candidates considering all sessions

M_q^g is the sum of the mean and standard deviation marks of the candidates in the paper considering all sessions

$\bar{M}_{ti}$ is the average marks of the top 0.1% of the candidates in the i^{th} session

M_{iq} is the sum of the mean marks and standard deviation marks of the i^{th} session

Qualifying in GATE 2026 does not guarantee admission to a postgraduate program or scholarship/financial assistance. Admitting institutes may conduct additional tests or interviews for final selection of candidates.

Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering (GATE) 2026 was organized by Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati on behalf of National Coordination Board (NCB) - GATE for the Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education (MOE), Government of India.